

poll26 List of Questions

Latex formatted questions may not properly render

Q1 In the early society, what served as the first and strongest bond as well as government ?

- ☐ society
- ☐ communalism
- ☐ Kinship
- ☐ family

Q2 The conception of women issues are part of broad social issues many of which arise out of basic social-class differences as opposed to purely sexual differences is known as

- ☐ sex
- ☐ physical difference
- ☐ gender
- ☐ sex make-up

Q3 The tendency to reserve public services exclusively in the hands of their indigenes is known as

- ☐ indigeneity
- ☐ statism
- ☐ ethnicization
- ☐ Nativism

Q4 Rawls distinction between two distinctive principles: the principle of natural duties and the principle of natural justice is credited to_____.

- ☐ Principle or (precepts) of obligation
- ☐ Principle of Natural Duty of Justice
- ☐ Principle of Natural Duties
- ☐ Principle of Notioal Duties

Q5 A tacit agreement between the government and the people is known as__

- ☐ liberties contract
- ☐ social contract
- ☐ government contract
- ☐ obligation contract

Q6 An authorized chanel to acquire citizenship is through_____

- ☐ the society
- ☐ the immigration
- ☐ the nation
- ☐ the State

Q7 The institution of a political society by means of a compact composition and agreement among the people bothers on__

- ☐ consensual contract
- ☐ social contract
- ☐ government contract
- ☐ political contract

Q8 Power according to Locke resides with the__

- ☐ government and not with the community
- ☐ state and not with the government
- ☐ community and not with the government
- ☐ community as well as the government

Q9 The notion of citizenship presupposes __

- ☐ equal access to a range of resources
- ☐ equal access to institutions
- ☐ equal access to naturalization
- ☐ equal access to all rights

Q10 The conceptual tool through which patterns of discrimination in social phenomena between the citizens and the state is identified is ____.

- ☐ content-analysis
- ☐ contract
- ☐ theory
- ☐ case-studies

Q11 An authorized channel to acquire citizenship is through ____

- ☐ Permanence
- ☐ community
- ☐ contractual agreement
- ☐ the state

Q12 The state as a human creation is a ____.

- ☐ contractual equity between men and women
- ☐ agreement between people
- ☐ contractual agreement between men and women
- ☐ contractual agreement

Q13 In which of the era, did government not exist ____?

- ☐ Pre-Institution of the Society
- ☐ Pre-Institution of the State
- ☐ Pre-Institution of the community
- ☐ Pre-Institution of the colonies

Q14 For a social contract to be valid for all citizens in a political system, the following must be met __

- ☐ rights and obligations
- ☐ duty and citizenship
- ☐ rights and privileges
- ☐ rights and negotiations

Q15 Isaiah Berlin preference of negative liberty was premised on its __

- ☐ Non-permanence feature
- ☐ non-interference feature
- ☐ misuse of interference feature
- ☐ Non-constraint feature

Q16 Which of these ____ imposes an obligation on the citizen to obey the laws of the government without option but penalty if not adhered to?

- ☐ principle of natural duties
- ☐ principle of natural duty of justice
- ☐ political obligation
- ☐ legal obligation

Q17 Negative Liberty means the__

- ☐ permanent liberty
- ☐ presence of certain kinds of interference by others
- ☐ negative kind of interference by others
- ☐ absence of certain kinds of interference by others

Q18 The proposition that 'all modern political communities owe their existence to successful warfare' is linked to the__

- ☐ patriarchal theory
- ☐ theory of force
- ☐ evolutionary theory
- ☐ Matriarchal theory

Q19 Which theory of the state creates in the masses a value of order and obedience to law, necessary for the stability of the state?

- ☐ social contract theory of the State
- ☐ Marxist theory
- ☐ divine origin of the State
- ☐ theory of force

Q20 The analyses, organisation, and synthesing of a phenomena into interconnected and internally coherent whole encapsulates ____.

- ☐ hypothesis
- ☐ model
- ☐ theory
- ☐ pattern

Q21 The first and strongest bond in the early society is ____

- ☐ society
- ☐ communalism
- ☐ Kinship
- ☐ family

Q22 The conception of issues from the social-class differences as opposed to purely biological differences is linked to ____

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- ☐ Nativism

Q24 The evolutionary theory neither considered the State neither as a ____ nor as a deliberate human contrivance.

- ☐ patriarchal institution
- ☐ force institution
- ☒ divine institution
- ☐ legacy

Q25 An agreement between the government and the people is ____

- ☐ liberties contract
- ☐ social contract
- ☒ government contract
- ☐ obligation contract

Q26 The acquisition of citizenship is the prerogative of ____

- ☐ society
- ☐ immigration
- ☐ nation
- ☒ State

Q27 The compact composition and agreement among the people in a state is the bane of ____

- ☐ consensual contract
- ☒ social contract
- ☐ government contract
- ☐ political contract

Q28 The interaction of social organisations within the boundaries of the state, refers to ____

- ☐ government
- ☐ community
- ☒ society
- ☐ zones

Q29 The institutionalization of notions of citizenship presupposes ____

- ☒ equal access to a range of resources
- ☐ equal access to institutions
- ☐ equal access to naturalization
- ☐ equal access to all rights

Q30 The political contrivance aimed at reconciling national unity, power & maintenance of state rights for common and mutual purposes is the bane of ____

- ☐ a unitary state
- ☒ a federal state
- ☐ a confederal state
- ☐ a social state

Q31 Which one of the following is NOT the central object of federalism?

- ☐ extension and expansion of political space
- ☐ autonomy and institutions
- ☐ benefits of geo-political units
- ☒ unconcomitant duties

Q32 The occurrence of discrepancies between attitudes and behaviour in the absorbing of democratic norms and values is a shortfall of _____

- ☐ democratic values not guiding behaviour
- ☒ attitudes not guiding behaviour
- ☐ values not guiding behaviour
- ☐ patriotism not guiding behaviour

Q33 Which of these is the most privileged form of nationality? _____

- ☐ indigeneity
- ☒ citizenship
- ☐ patriotism
- ☐ ethnicity

Q34 The validity of social contract for citizens in a political system presupposes an adherence to _____

- ☒ rights and obligations
- ☐ duty and citizenship
- ☐ rights and privileges
- ☐ rights and negotiations

Q35 The preference of negative liberty given its premise of non-interference is credited to _____

- ☐ J.J.Rousseau
- ☐ David Hume
- ☒ Isaiah Berlin
- ☐ David Easton

Q36 The yield of democratic dividends which reinforces civil society is achievable through _____

- ☐ socialization
- ☒ political education
- ☐ attitude change
- ☐ advocacy

Q37 The checkmate of incremental possibility of militarised society is premised on _____.

- ☐ the re-orientation of religious institutions
- ☒ children should be socialized
- ☐ the institutions being socialized
- ☐ the State being socialized

Q38 The re-orienting of any society to internalise the democratic norms and values occurs at all of the following but _____

- ☐ family
- ☐ community
- ☒ the legislative chambers
- ☐ the state

Q39 increase of The proposition that warfare is improved due to growth in population and pressure on subsistence is credited to _____

- ☐ Locke
- ☒ Hume
- ☐ Rousseau

- ☐ Berlin

Q40 In which of these were people inured to submission_____

- ☐ social contract of the state
- ☐ divine Origin of the state
- ☐ Theory of force
- ☐ marxist origin of the state

Q41 Why is the principle of natural duties an important component of the notion of rights?

- ☐ It helps to define various interpersonal relationships as well as they arise
- ☐ It helps to define the receiving of popular benefits
- ☐ It helps to define equality of all citizenry
- ☐ It helps to define regularity of rights

Q42 The premise of individual rights is geared towards__

- ☐ strengthen communal authority
- ☐ strengthen public authority
- ☐ strengthen authority
- ☐ strengthen individualism

Q43 The hierarchy of rights is necessary for a functional__

- ☐ Society
- ☐ State
- ☐ Political System
- ☐ Community

Q44 Which of these societies is based on a harmonious, organic conception of unity between the individual and society?

- ☐ Utilitarian Societies
- ☐ Organism societies
- ☐ traditional society
- ☐ democratic societies

Q45 In communitarian regimes, priority is accorded the state over the__.

- ☐ Rule of law
- ☐ individual
- ☐ Society
- ☐ people

Q46 Which of these is a conditions of a civil society?

- ☐ Individualism
- ☐ Atomism
- ☐ Liberty
- ☐ Communalism

Q47 Which concept assumes that nothing is desired for its own sake, except pleasure?

- ☐ Utilitarianism
- ☐ Communalism
- ☐ Atomism
- ☐ Individualism

Q48 Which of these insists that the state should be limited by the rights of individual citizens?

- ☒ atomistic individualism
- ☐ atomistic communalism
- ☐ atomism
- ☐ liberal atomism

Q49 With what declaration did the French Revolution in 1789 widen the scope of rights ?

- ☐ the Rights and duties of Man and the Citizen
- ☒ the Rights of Man and the Citizen
- ☐ rights of citizens
- ☐ Citizenship

Q50 The premise of the theory of rights in the middle Ages was__

- ☐ Civil Law
- ☒ Natural Law
- ☐ Communal law
- ☐ Law of the thumb

Q51 In earlier times, society was based on a contract between individuals having__

- ☐ both rights and obligations
- ☒ both rights and duties
- ☐ both rights and entitlements
- ☐ both rights and agreements

Q52 The human rights to which a person or citizen is entitled to are enshrined in__

- ☐ Natural Law
- ☐ Domestic Law
- ☒ International law
- ☐ Communal Law

Q53 What is that women are clamouring for in order to supplement non-discrimination?

- ☐ Quota System
- ☒ Affirmative Action
- ☐ Federal Character
- ☐ Proportionalism

Q54 Social differentiation systems such as political status, class, ethnicity modify

- ☐ social meaning
- ☐ Citizenship
- ☐ Federalism
- ☒ gender roles

Q55 Which one of these is a shortfall of positive liberty?

- ☐ democratic rule
- ☐ aggressive rule
- ☒ most pernicious rule
- ☐ Negative freedom

Q56 Which two of these constitute Economic Resources in a State?

- ☐ the use of water and money
- ☐ The use of entitlements
- ☐ the use of land and water
- ☐ the use of money and land

Q57 Birth in the acquisition of Citizenship in Nigeria mean all of the following except

- ☐ before the date of independence
- ☐ after the date of independence
- ☐ Every person born outside Nigeria either of whose parents is a citizen of Nigeria
- ☐ Every person born outside Nigeria

Q58 Religious fundamentalism offers ideological support

- ☐ values and institutions
- ☐ the primordial values and institutions
- ☐ the divergent values and institutions
- ☐ sectionalism

Q59 Collective identifications based on ethnicity, religion and sex - all play an important role in determining

- ☐ Democracy
- ☐ Rights
- ☐ Liberty
- ☐ Citizenry

Q60 Citizenship as defined by international law denotes ?..

- ☐ Naturalized persons
- ☐ all persons whom a state is entitled to protect.
- ☐ all persons excluding immigrants
- ☐ Naturalized citizens excluding Aliens

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